

begin

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6

369

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6"

24.7900
S/058/61/000/010/035/100
AC01/A101

AUTHORS: Kopvillem, U.Kh., Mineyeva, R.M., Morozova, I.D.

TITLE: On the theory of the width of the paramagnetic resonance line in corundum with admixture of chromium

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Fizika, no. 10, 1961, 159, abstract 10V327 (v sb. "Paramagnitn. rezonans", Kazan', Kazansk. un-t, 1960, 92-94)

TEXT: The authors derived a formula for calculating the width of electronic paramagnetic resonance line in magnetic-diluted crystals, due to the presence of dislocations and inner stresses. It is assumed that the spin Hamiltonian of paramagnetic ions contains two parts; the main part is the same for all ions and it determines the spectrum of electronic paramagnetic resonance; the second part characterizes the straggling of constants of the spin Hamiltonian due to straggling of symmetry axes of the crystalline field and it determines the observed width of electronic paramagnetic resonance line. Particular calculations are performed for Cr ions in the lattice of corundum. A comparison of the calculated and experimental data shows that the strong anisotropy of the line width in dependence on direction of the statical magnetic field is explained by ✓B

Card 1/2

S/058/61/000/010/035/100

A001/A101

On the theory of the width ...

the contribution from the straggling of symmetry axes of the crystalline field.
Contributions to the line width due to interaction of Cr ions between themselves
and with Al nuclei are also calculated.

U. Kopvillem

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

B

MOROZOVA, I.D.

Method of molecular orbits and spin density in paramagnetic resonance. Usp.khim. 31 no.10:1231-1256 O '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN SSSR, Kagan'.
(Molecular orbitals) (Paramagnetic resonance and relaxation)

MOROZOVA, I.D.; DYATKINA, M.Ye.

Spin density distribution in some metal ketyls.
Dokl. AN SSSR 146 no.4:830-832 O '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN SSSR, g. Kazan',
Predstavлено академиком B.A. Arbuzovym.
(Ketyls—Spectra) (Molecular orbitals)

MOROZOVA, I.D.

Molecular orbital method and the spin density in paramagnetic resonance. Analele chimie 18 no.3:3-32 Jl-S '63.

MOROZOVA, L.D.; DYATKINA, M.Ye.

Spin density distribution in aromatic metal ketals. Dokl. AN SSSR
150 no.2:337-339 My '63. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN SSSR v.g. Kazani i Institut
obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii im. N.S.Kurnakova AN SSSR.
Predstavлено академиком B.A.Arbusovym.
(Organometallic compounds) (Molecular orbitals)

MOROZOVA, I.D.; DYATKINA, M.Ye.

Spin density distribution in metal ketyls containing methyl groups.
Dokl. AN SSSR 154 no. 3:687-689 Ja '64. MIRA 17:5

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN SSSR, Kazan', i Institut
obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii im. N.S.Kurnakova AN SSSR.
Predstavлено akademikom B.A.Arbusovym.

BOGOMOLOV, A.M.; MOROZOVA, I.B.; OSINKINA, N.A.; PODKVA, R.I.; MARSHENIK,
G.A.; MITASOV, D.G.; SRAGOVICH, V.G., kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, chлен-канд.;
ORLOVA, I.A., red.

[Programs in linear algebra] programmy po lineinym algebram.

Moskva, 1964. 62 p. (Akadem. i nauchnoe izdatelstvo
tsentr. Standartnye i tipovye programmy dlia moshchn. "USSR".
no.7)

MOROZOVA, I.D., DYATKINA, M.Ye.

Negative spin density in methyl ketals. Zhur. strukt. khim. 6 no.2:
278-282 Mr-Ap '65. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Institut organicheskoy khimii AN SSSR, Kazan' i Institut obshchey
i neorganicheskoy khimii imeni Kurnakova AN SSSR.

SOV/137-58-9-20302

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 9, p 312 (USSR).

AUTHORS: Nomokonova, N.A. Morozova, I.F.

TITLE Spectroscopic Methods for the Determination of Niobium
Tantalum, Zirconium, Titanium, Beryllium, and Indium
(Spektral'nyye metody opredeleniya niobiya tantala tsirko-
niya, titana berilliya i indiya)

PERIODICAL Tr. Vses. Magadan'sk n-ta in-ta--I M-va tsvetn. metallurgii
SSSR, 1957, division 4, Nr 19, pp 14-20

ABSTRACT Quantitative spectroscopic methods for the determination of
In, Be, and Ti were developed, and the methods for the deter-
mination of Nb, Ta, and Zr in ores and the products of their
processing were modified. The determinations were carried
out according to the method of three standard specimens. Ores
with a known content of components were used as standard
specimens. Curves were plotted with $\Delta S - \log_{10} C$ coordinates.
For the determination of Nb, Ta, Ti, and Zr the test sample
was mixed with carbon powder (1:1) and introduced into a
carbon electrode (E) with a pointed portion 2.6 mm in diameter
and 12 mm long, the crater being 1.3 mm in diameter and 5 mm

Card 1/2

SOV/137-58-9-20302

Spectroscopic Methods for the Determination (cont.)

deep. The exposure time was 2-3 min with 15 sec of preliminary sparking with a 9.5-amp current. Mo served as the internal standard. The determination of Be and In was carried out by the introduction of 100-200 mg of specimen mixed with the internal standard on paper strips between horizontal carbon E's. The E's were ground into the shape of a cone with a stage area of 3 mm. Cr serves as the internal standard in the determination of Be; for the determination of In, depending on the contents of Sn in the specimen, Cd or Bi are used. The ranges of the determinations are (in %) In and Be 0.001 - 1, Ta and Ti 0.05 - 2, Nb 0.03 - 1, Zr 0.12 - 2. The error of the method is (in %): for Nb, In, Ta \pm 8, Zr \pm 4 to 8, for Be \pm 5, and for Ti \pm 10.

B M.

1. Metals---Determination 2. Spectroscopy

Card 2/2

I-22484-65 EWT(1)/EPF(c)/EPA(w)-2/EEC(t)/T/EWA(m)-2 Fab-10-Pr-4 SSD(a)/
SSD(c)/AEDC(a)/AEDC(b)/SSD/APWL/AS(mp)-2/ESD(gs)/ESD(t)/IJP(c) nW

ACCESSION NR: AT5001497

8/2759/64/00/006/0105/0111

AUTHOR: Morozova, I. G.

TITLE: Characteristics of ion source with electrons oscillating in a magnetic field. 37/

SOURCE: Moscow. Inzhenerno-fizicheskiy institut. Uskoriteli, no. 6, 1964, 105-111

TOPIC TAGS: ion source, ion current, ionization, pressure dependence, voltage dependence

ABSTRACT: The ion source was described by the author earlier (Collection "Uskoriteli" [Accelerators], no. IV, M., Gosatomizdat, 1962). To ascertain the possibility of obtaining maximum ion current, the author plotted the beam ion current against the discharge current, the working-gas pressure, the magnetic induction in the ionization chamber, and against the extraction voltage. The results show that the ion current is very sensitive to the discharge current, and it is desirable to operate at larger discharge currents (about 40 mA) in the ionization chamber. An increase in the magnetic field does not influence the rate

Card 1/3

L 22484-65

ACCESSION NR: AT5001497

of increase of the beam current, but exerts a noticeable influence on its magnitude. Maximum ion current is obtained at small values of magnetic induction, and with increasing magnetic induction the beam current decreases in spite of an increase in the discharge current. In the case of large magnetic fields (0.104--0.155 Tesla), the ion current rises and goes through a maximum with increasing discharge voltage. For small magnetic fields (0.02 Tesla) the ion current of the beam increases with increasing discharge current. The pressure dependence of the ion current depends on the magnetic field, and with decreasing magnetic field the maximum ion current vs. pressure curve shifts towards higher pressures with decreasing magnetic field. A monotonic increase of the ion current with increasing extracting voltage was observed. The results have shown that the ion current exhibits a complicated dependence on the discharge conditions in the ionization chamber. The author reports that an economic mode with continuous beam current exceeding 100 mA could be obtained, with a maximum proton energy of 10 keV. It can be increased by increasing the voltage between the housing of the source and the collector. The best operating conditions from the point of view of obtaining maximum beam currents are at pressures on the order of 10^{-2} mm Hg, at a gas flow 10--15 cm³-norm/hr. To obtain large ion currents it is apparently

Card 2/3

L 22484-65

ACCESSION NR: 175001497

advantageous to operate at low magnetic inductions at appreciable voltages and pressures in the ionization chamber, and also at large values of the ion-extraction voltage. Orig. art. has: 6 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Inzhenerno-Fizicheskiy institut, Moscow (Engineering-Physics Institute)

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: NP

MR REF Sov: 002

OTHER: 000

Card 3/3

MOROZOVA, I.G.

Pulse emission of oxide-coated cathodes. Sbor.nauch.rab.MIFI no.9:44-
48 '55. (MIRA 10:1)

(Pulse techniques (Electronics))

SAMSONOV, G.V.; DMITRENKO, L.V.; SIROTA, A.G.; GORYUNKOVA, A.D.; MOROZOVA, I.O.;
XLIKH, S.F.; SHESTERIKOVA, M.P.

Purification of albomycin by using chromatographic method on sulfo-
cationites. Antibiotiki 3 no.2:90-94 Mr-Ap '58. (MIRA 12:11)

1. Leningradskiy khimiko-farmatsevticheskiy institut, i Institut
vysokomolekulyarnykh soyedineniy AN SSSR.
(ANTIBIOTICS,

albomycin, chromatographic purification with sulfo-
cation exchange resistance (Rus))
(ION EXCHANGE RESINS,

sulfo-cation exchange resin SDV-3, chromatographic
purification of albomycin (Rus))

MOROZOVA, I.G.; TYAGUNOV, G.A., prof., red.; POPOVA, S.M., tekhn.red.

[Laboratory for the study of vacuum tubes and transistor devices]
Uchebnaia laboratoriia elektrosvakuumnykh i poluprovodnikovykh
priborov; opisania rabot. Pod red. G.A.Tyagunova. Moskva, Izd-vo
glav.upr.po ispol'zovaniyu atomnoi energii pri Sovete Ministrov
SSSR, 1960. 58 p.
(MIRA 13:8)

1. Rukovoditel' laboratoriis elektrosvakuumnykh i poluprovodnikovykh
priborov Moskovskogo inzhenerno-fizicheskogo instituta (for Moro-
zova).

(Electron tubes) (Transistors)

S/759/62/000/004/012/016
D207/D308

AUTHOR: Morozova, I. G.

TITLE: Ion source with electrons oscillating in a magnetic field

SOURCE: Moscow. Inzhenerno-fizicheskiy institut. Uskoriteli,
no. 4, 1962, 101-102

TEXT: An ion source is described consisting of an ionization chamber with two parallel cold cathodes and an anode placed symmetrically between them. The chamber is located between the poles of an electromagnet; the cathodes serve as the polepieces. Hydrogen from an electrolyzer passes through a purifying stage and enters the ionization chamber through a small aperture. The whole ion source is easily removable. Stable and economic working conditions are obtained with a 40 mA discharge current under a voltage of 200 V in a magnetic field of 200 oe. The pressure in the chamber is 0.01 mm Hg. With a 10 kV accelerating voltage applied outside the ionization chamber, the source produces an ion beam of 1.25 mA. When hydrogen supply is stopped a glow discharge continues in the chamber

Card 1/2

Ion source with ...

S/759/62/000/004/012/016
D207/D308

down to 10^{-4} mm Hg, provided the magnetic field is still applied.
There is 1 figure.

Card 2/2

MORCZOVÁ, I.G.

Stand for testing ion injectors. Uskoreiteľ n.o.:1 -112 -112.

Characteristics of an ion source with electrons oscillating in
a magnetic field. Ibid.:105-111

(MPA 1971)

NEVOLIN, Fedor Vasil'yevich; TYUTYUNNIKOV, B.N., doktor tekhn. nauk,
prof., retsenzent; BASHKIROV, A.N., spets. red.; NOKOZVA,
I.I., red.

[Chemistry and technology of synthetic detergents] Khimija i
tekhnologija sinteticheskikh moyushchikh sredstv. Moscow,
Izd-vo "Pishchevaja promyshlennost'," 1964. 362 p.

(MIA 17:7)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Bashkirov).

24(0): 5(4); 6(2) PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION 30v/2215
Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metrologii imeni
D.I. Mendeleeva

Referat nauchno-issledovatel'skikh robot: sbornik No. 2 (Scientific Research Abstracts. Collection of Articles. No. 2) Moscow, Standart-2, 1958. 139 p. 1.000 copie. Denezh.

Additional Sponsoring Agency: USSR. Komitet Stolitannia - mor 1

PURPOSE: These reports are intended for scientists, researchers, and engineers engaged in developing standards, measuring, and gauges for the various industries.

COVERAGE: The volume contains 129 reports on standards of measurement and control. The reports were prepared by scientists of institutes of the Komitet standartov, mer. i imernosti, otech. priborov pri Sovete Ministrov SSSR (Committee on Standards, Measures, and Measuring Instruments under the USSR Council of Ministers). The participating institutes are: VNIIM D.I. Rendelejewa (All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Metrology) Izmen (A.I. Mendeleyev) in Leningrad; Sverdlovsk branch of this institute, VNIK - Vsesoyuzny nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Komitet standartov mer. i imernosti.

No publications are mentioned. There are no references.

THE DETERMINATION OF IRON IN CAST IRON AND STEEL.
By J. R. BROWN, T. W. A. URE, and F. V. SHELDON.
The Determination of Manganese and Chromic Nitrogen
Method for the Determination of Sulfur in Cast Iron and a Hydrogen
Sulfide Method for the Determination of Sulfur in Standard Chemical Compo-
nition Samples of Cast Iron and Steel.

KANDROV, V. A., T. L. MOROZOVA, and L. G. PLOTKOVSKAYA. Svensk. J. Tekn. Fys., 1957, No. 10, p. 116.

PICTOGRAPHIC AND PICTOGRAPHIC-PICTURE METHODS FOR THE DETERMINATION OF INORGANIC METALS IN INDUSTRIAL WASTES

14
Determination of Surface
Tension of Various Metals

Journal of Polymer Science: Part A: Polymer Chemistry, Vol. 33, 1461-1466 (1995)
© 1995 John Wiley & Sons, Inc. CCC 0887-624X/95/061461-06

DOV, E.M., H.J. Balsam, and J.A. Telesh, 1982. *Svercova*

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6"

SHCHERBAKOV, Vladimir Grigor'yevich; KOLZ'MINA, N.P., doktor biol.
nauk, prof., retsenzent; ABDURAKHIMOV, A.A., kand. tekhn.
nauk, retsenzent; AVRAMENKO, I.Ya., inzh.-tekhnolog,
retsenzent; MOROZOVA, L.I., red.; KISINA, Ye.I., tekhn.
red.

[Biochemistry and the commercial study of oil raw materials]
Biokhimiia i tovarovedenie maslichnogo syr'ia. Moskva, Pi-
shchepromizdat, 1963. 351 p. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Kafedra tekhnologii zhirov Tashkentskogo politekhniches-
kogo instituta (for Abdurakhimov).
(Oilseed plants--Analysis and chemistry)

TKACHEV, Nikolay Ivanovich; GUL', V.Ye., doktor khim. nauk, prof.,
retsenzent; ROMANOV, A.N., kand. tekhn.nauk, retsenzent;
KUZ'MINSKIY, R.V., inzh., retsenzent; D'YAKOVVA, V.P.,
inzh.-khim., spets.red.; MOROZOVA, I.I., red.; KISINA,
Ye.I., tekhn. red.

[Plastics and their use in the bakery and yeast industry]
Plasticheskie massy i ikh primenenie v khlebopekarnoi i
drozhzhevoi promyshlennosti. Moskva, Pishchepromizdat,
1963. 222 p.
(MIRA 17:1)

PETROV, Konstantin Petrovich; ARKHIPOVICH, N.A., kand. tekhn.
nauk, spets. red.; MOROZOVA, I.I., red.

[Practical laboratory work on the biochemistry of
vegetable raw materials] Praktikum po biokhimii pi-
shchevogo rastitel'nogo syr'ia. Moskva, Pishchevaia
promyshlennost', 1965. 329 p. (MIRA 18:7)

CHEMODANOV, A.N.; MOROZOVA, I.K.; VYRODETKIY, T.V.; LEMAROV, Y. V.;
LOSEV, V.V.; KOVTYRKIN, Ya.M.

Effect of potential on the rate of platinum dissolution in acidic
chloric solutions. Zashch.met. 1 no.4:433-435. Pt-Ag 1:5.
(M. A. P:8)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy fiziko-khimicheskiy institut imeni
L.Ya.Karpova, Moskva.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6

GROMCOVA, A.I.; MOROZINA, L.N.; SAVCHENKO, V.V.

Effect of the radiation potential on the
of mercury oxide electrode. (Russian)

12.18.80

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6"

GERLING, E.K.; MOROZOVA, I.M.

Determining the activation energy of the isolation of argon from micas.
Geokhimiia no.4:304-311 '57. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Laboratory of Precambrian Geology, Academy of Sciences, U.S.S.R.,
Leningrad.
(Argon--Isotopes) (Mica)

3(a)

AUTHORS: Gerling, E. K., Morozov, I. M. SOR/7-58-7-1/13

TITLE: Investigation of the Kinetics of Argon Separation From Microcline-Perthite (Izuchenie kinetiki vydeleniya argona iz mikroklina-pertita)

PERIODICAL: Geokhimiya, 1957, Nr 7, pp 615 - 620 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Microcline-perthite Panfilova Varaka was examined between 500 and 1000°. The argon content was determined according to 2 different methods: 1) Measurement by manometer following the method of Mak-Leod (Mc Leod) after the usual purification, and 2) Mass spectrometric determination. The mass spectrometric method turned out to be more advantageous. The curves of separation (Figs 1 and 2) were used to determine the energy of activation (Fig 3). The following values were obtained for the heat of diffusion: 15 000, 26 000, 42 000, 79 000, and 130 000 cal/g-stom. The first 3 of these values correspond to the diffusion of argon from the crystal lattice,

Card 1/2

Investigation of the Kinetics of Ar on Separation From SOV/7-58-7-1, 13
Microcline-Perthite

which has been destroyed by the perthite treatment; the latter 2 values correspond to the diffusion from the undisturbed microcline lattice. The share of argon rather ready to be separated amounts to more than 20% (Table); this part is apt to be lost also in nature. This fact makes evident that microcline is no particularly appropriate means for determination of age. There are 3 figures, 1 table, and 12 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Laboratoriya Geologii Pohembriya AN SSSR, Leningrad
(Laboratory for the Geology of Pre-Cambrian Times
AS USSR, Leningrad)

SUBMITTED: June 29, 1956

Card 2/2

GERLING, E.K.; MOROZOVA, I.M.; KURBATOV, V.V.

Retention of radiogenic argon in powdered potassium minerals.
Geokhimia no.1:39-48 '61. (MERA 14:3)

1. Laboratoriya geologii dokembriya i Radiyevyy institut im.
V. G. Khlopena AN SSSR, Leningrad.

(Argon)
(Microcline)
(Mica)

PAP, A.M.; GERLING, E.K.; MOROZOVA, I.M.; OVCHINNIKOVA, G.V.

First data on absolute geochronology of the crystalline basement
of White Russia. Dokl. AN BSSR / no.3:177-180 Mr '62.

(MIRA 15:3)

1. Institut geologicheskikh nauk AN BSSR, g. Minsk i Laboratoriya
geologii dokembriya AN SSSR, Leningrad.
(White Russia--Geology, Stratigraphic)

GERLING, E.K.; PAP, A.M.; MOROZOV, I.M.; AFANASYEVA, L.I.; LUNIKH, V.F.

Stratigraphy of the Pre-Cambrian of White Russia and adjacent areas according to data of the absolute age. Sov. geol. 7 no. 3:120-126 Mr '64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Laboratoriya geologii dokembriya AN SSSR i Institut geologicheskikh nauk AN RSSR.

MURIN, A.N.; BANASEVICH, S.N.[deceased]; MOROZOVA, I.M.

Diffusion of radiogenic gases from minerals. Geokhimia
no.1C:874-879 '62. (MIRA 16:4)

1. State University, Leningrad Laboratory of Precambrian
Geology, Academy of Sciences, U.S.S.R.
(Gases—Diffusion)

KOKOSH, G.D.; MOROZOVA, I.N.

Weights made of quartz. Trudy VNIIM no. 19:7-12 '52. (MIRA 11:6)
(Weights and measures) (Quartz)

24(0); 5(4); 6(2) PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOY/2215

Veseyunyy nauchno-issledovatel'stvennyi institut sverdlovsk imeni D.I. Mendeleeva

Referat nauchno-issledovatel'stvennyi rebot; sbornik No.2 (Scientific Research Abstracts; Collection of Articles, Nr.2) Moscow, Standardiz., 1958. 139 p. 10,000 copies printed.

Additional Sponsoring Agency: USSR. Komitet standartov, ser. 1 Izmeritel'naya priborov.

Ed.: S. V. Rehetina; Tech. Ed.: R. A. Kondratenko.

PURPOSE: These reports are intended for scientists, researchers, and engineers engaged in developing standards, measures, and tables for the various industries.

COVERAGE: The volume contains 128 reports on standards of measurement and control. The reports were prepared by scientists of institutes of the Komitet standartov, met. i izmeritel'nykh priborov pri Sovete Ministrów SSSR (Commission on Standards, Measures, and Measuring Instruments under the USSR Council of Ministers), The participating institutes are: VNIM - Veseyunyy nauchno-issledovatel'stvennyi rebot; I.M. Velichko Institute (All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Metallurgy, Izmer. D.I. Sverdlovsk); in Leningrad: Sverdlovsk branch of the Institute, VNIIM - Veseyunyy nauchno-issledovatel'stvennyi institut standartov, ser. 1 Izmeriteley priborov (All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Measurement, Measures, and Measuring Instruments), created from NIIIM - Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyi institut ser. 1 Izmeritel'nykh priborov (Moscow State Institute of Measures and Measuring Instruments) October 1, 1955. VNIM - Veseyunyy nauchno-issledovatel'stvennyi institut fiziko-tekhnicheskikh i radiofiziko-tekhnicheskikh izmerenii (All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Physico-technical and Radio-technical Measurements) in Moscow; KhDPI - Khar'kovskiy gosudarstvennyi institut ser. 1 Izmeriteley priborov (Kharkov State Institute of Measures and Measuring Instruments); VNIIM - Novosibirskiy gosudarstvennyi institut ser. 1 Izmeriteley priborov (Novosibirsk State Institute of Measures and Measuring Instruments). No personnel lists are mentioned. There are no references.

Mass and Density Measurements (Radio, N.M., Editor, Candidate of Technical Sciences)

Savimova, N.A. (VNIM). Studying Conditions for Securing Maximum Sensitiveness of Equal-arm Pivomatic Balance 21

Morozov, N.D. (VNIM). Experimental Study of Means for Variations in The Readings of Analytical Balances 22

Kokan, O.P. (VNIM). Defining Mass Balance of the First Class With a Range of 2 kg and Value C: Decimals of .0002 kg 23

Budde, N.M. (VNIM). New VNIM Balance for Check-6 Standards 23

Dmitriev, N.I. (VNIM). Developing Methods and Means of Checking Balances With a Load Range of 2 kg or Less 25

Chubarev, A.I. and G.A. Gol'danskiy (VNIMP): 2.A. Chernyshev, V.Y.

Card 6/27

GOLOMB, L.M. [Holomb, L.M.]; MOROZOVA, I.O.

Determining the dispersion characteristics of dispersed dyes
for rayon and synthetic fibers. Leh. prom. no.2:81-83 Ap-Je '63.

(MIRA 16:7)

1. Rubezhanskiy filial Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta
organicheskikh poluproduktov i krasiteley.

(Dyes and dyeing--Textile fibers, Synthetic)

MOROZOVA, I. I.

MOROZOVA, I. I. - "Carboniferous Pearlweed of the Central Don." Sub
12 Jun 52, Paleontological Inst, Acad Sci USSR. (Dissertation
for the Degree of Candidate in Biological Sciences).

SO: Vechernaya Moskva January-December 1952

1. MOROZOVA, I.P.
2. USSR (600)
4. Hexagenellidae
7. Family Hexagenellidae, its place in classification and phylogenetic ties, Sov. AN SSSR 90 no. 2, 1953.

The author relates the recently established subfamily of Hexagenellidae to the order of Cyclostomata and to the family of Fistuliporidae. In the latter he also includes the subfamily of Fistuliporinae Waagen and Wentzel and the subfamily of Coniocladinae Waagen and Pichl, which were considered by A. I. Nikiforov as an independent family of Coniocladidae order of Cryptostomata. Presented by Acad V.A. Obruchev 23 Feb 53.

260T45

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, APRIL _____ 1953, Vol. 1.

MOROZOVA, I.P.; SARYCHEVA, T.G., redaktor; SHEVCHENKO, G.N., tekhnicheskij redaktor

[Carboniferous bryozoa of the middle Don Valley] Kamennougol'nye mshanki Srednego Dona. Moskva, Izd-vo Akademii nauk SSSR, 1955. 90 p. (Akademiia nauk SSSR. Paleontologicheskii institut. Trudy, vol. 58)

(Don Valley--Polyzoa, Fossil)

(MIRA 8:9)

MOROZOVA, I.P.

USSR/ Geology - Paleontology

Card 1/1 Pub. 22 - 44/54

Authors : Morozova, I. P.

Title : Discovery of new bryozoya in the upper carbon layer of the Don River bend

Periodical : Dok. AN SSSR 100/3, 567-569, Jan 21, 1955

Abstract : Announcement is made on the discovery of a new kind of bryozoya fossils in the upper carbon layer of the Don River bend. The probable origin of these fossils is explained. Four references: 3 USSR and 1 English (1887-1953). Illustrations.

Institution : Academy of Sciences USSR, Paleontological Institute

Presented by: Academician V. A. Obruchev, October 21, 1954

MOROZOVA, I.P.

USSR/ Geology - Paleontology

Card 1/1 Pub. 22 - 46/60

Authors : Morozova, I. P.

Title : New Upper Devonian bryozoa of the Kuznetsk coal basin

Periodical : Dok. AN SSSR 100/4, 783-786, Feb 1, 1955

Abstract : The discovery of new Upper Devonian traces of bryozoa of the Megacanthopora and Trepostomata type in the Kuznetsk coal basin is announced. The geological data concerning these finds are included. Four USA references (1890-1937). Illustrations.

Institution :

Presented by : Academician V. A. Obruchev, October 21, 1954

ASTROVA, G.G.; MOROZOVA, I.P.

On the taxonomy of Bryozoa of the order Cryptostomata. Dokl. AN
SSSR 110 no. 4:661-664 O '56.
(MIRA 10:1)

1. Paleontologicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR. Predstavлено akademikom V.A. Obruchevym. [deceased].
(Polyzoa, Fossil)

MOROZOVA, I.P.

New genus of polyzoans of the family Fistuliporidae from Devonian
deposits of the Kuznetsk Basin. Paleont. zhur. no.2:79-81 '59.
(MIRA 13:1)

1. Paleontologicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR.
(Kondoma Valley--Polyzoa, Fossil)

MOROZOVA, Iraida Pavlova; SARYCHEVA, T.G., doktor biol.nauk, prof., otv.red.;
TIKHOMIROVA, Ye.V., red.izd-va; PASHKOVSKIY, Yu.A., red.izd-va;
GUSEVA, A.P., tekhn.red.

[Devonian Bryozoa in the Minusinsk and Kuznetsk Basins] Devonskie
mshanki Minusinskikh i Kuznetskoi Kotlovin. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.
nauk SSSR, 1961. 206 p. (Akademija nauk SSSR. Paleontologicheskiy
institut. Trudy, vol.86)

(Minusinsk Basin—Polyzoa, Fossil) (Kuznetsk Basin—Polyzou, Fossil)
(MIRA 14:3)

MOROZOVA, I.P.

Taxonomy and phylogeny of Fenestelloidea. Paleont.zhur. no.4:
104-115 '62. (MIRA 16:1)

1. Paleontologicheskiy institut AN SSSR.
(Polyzoa, Fossil)

ZAYAKIN, S.N.; MOROZOVA, I.S.

Shortcomings of the State Standard No.3927-47 "Wooden shoe
lasts." Kozh.-obuv.prom. 3 no.8:4 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:10)
(Boots and shoes--Standards)

Mechanism of the Washing Action of Alkylnaphenolic Additives

AUTHORS: Druzhinina, A.V., Tarmanyan, G.S. and Molozova, I.V. 65-10-8/13
TITLE: On the Mechanism of the Washing Action of Alkylnaphenolic Additives (O mekhanizme moyushchego dystviya aikilfenol'-nykh prisadok)

PERIODICAL: Khimiya i Tekhnologiya Topliva i Maser, 1977, No.10,
ABSTRACT: After a brief review of views expressed in the literature

on the action of detergent additives on the operating properties of oils, the results of an investigation of the influence of an additive TsIATIM-339 on changes in the chemical composition and operating properties of oils are given. The tests of oils were carried out on Diesel single-cylinder engines OK6 and MT-9-3 as well as on a full-scale engine KAb-204. Oil MC-20 from Groznenskoy crude and experimental samples of Diesel oil from Tuymazinskaya Devonian crude with and without the above additive were tested. By adsorption separation on silicagel the characteristics hydrocarbon group compositions of oils before and after tests were determined. The experimental results are given in Tables 1-4. Conclusions: alkylphenolic additives of the type TsIATIM-339 belong to a group of chemically-active substances, reacting with products formed in oil during its operation in an engine. The washing action

Card 1/2

65-10-8/13

On the Mechanism of the Washing Action of Alkylphenolic Additives

of alkylphenolic additives is due to: a) neutralisation of acid products by exchange reaction with the formation of oil soluble organic barium salts; b) an increase in selective solubility of asphaltene-resinous substances in oil in the presence of separated-in-the-exchange reaction alkylphenols. The correct concentration of alkylphenolic additives in oils should be selected for each individual case in relation to the operating conditions of engines for which the oil is intended. There are 4 tables and 9 references, 6 of which are Russian and 3 English.

ASSOCIATION: VNII NP

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

11-5-2
S/081/62/000/006/088/117
B167/B101

11-9700

AUTHORS: Druzhinina, A. V., Tarmanyan, G. S., Myachina, M. S.,
Morozova, I. V.

TITLE: Alkyl phenol additives from formaldehyde condensation

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 6, 1962, 541-542,
abstract 6M262 (Sb. "Prisadki k maslам i toplivam". M.,
Gostoptekhizdat, 1961, 20-26)

TEXT: A description is given of the synthesis of the additives Vnii NP-370,
Vnii NP-371, and Vnii NP-372, which are the oil concentrates (.50% in
spindle oil No. 2) of the Ca, Ba, and Li salt, respectively, of the
condensation product of alkyl phenol with CH_2O . The phenol is alkylated
with polymer distillate in the presence of phenol sulfonic acid as a
catalyst, which is previously prepared by treating phenol with H_2SO_4
(8% of the combined amount of phenol and polymer distillate). The
additive Vnii NP-371 (viscosity 17-80 centistokes/100°C) contains 7-9%
of Ba. Prolonged treatment with $\text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2 \cdot 8\text{H}_2\text{O}$ at 145°C doubles the Ba
Card 1/2 X

Alkyl phenol additives from ...

S/081/62/000/006/088/117
B167/B101

content without significantly altering the viscosity. The additive Vnii NP-370 contains 2-2.5% of Ca, which increases to 3-3.5% if the additive is prepared by treating alkyl phenol simultaneously with CH₂O (as a 37% aqueous solution) and CaO in the presence of a promoter. The effect of the alkyl phenol:CH₂O ratio and of some other conditions on the quality of the additive Vnii NP-370 is also investigated. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

17(4),30(1)

AUTHORS:

Andreyeva, R. A., Morozova, I. V. SOV/20-125-2-51/64

TITLE:

Growth and Metabolism of Tomato Seedlings Under the Influence
of Heteroauxin Treatment of Their Root System (Vliyaniye
obrabotki kornevoy sistemy geteroauksinom na rost i obmen
veshchestv rassady tomatov)

PERIODICAL:

Doklady Akademii nauk SSSR, 1959, Vol 125, Nr 2, pp 417-419
(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

A higher yield due to the treatment of blossoms and ovaries
with growth-stimulating substances is obtained by an increased
supply of water, mineral and organic substances to the treated
organs (Refs 7-9,12). Other plant organs, however, are de-
prived of nutritive substances. Therefore some physiologists
(Ref 7) maintain that the development of the whole plant can-
not be intensified by growth stimulants. Recently, however,
quite different data have been found (Refs 2-6,9-11). In
order to solve the aforesaid problem the authors made cor-
responding experiments with the tomato sort "Bizon" in 1957
(see Association). Heteroauxin potassium salt (20 mg/l) was
used as stimulant. Each plant received 20 ml of the solution.

Card 1/3

Growth and Metabolism of Tomato Seedlings Under the
Influence of Heteroauxin Treatment of Their Root System

SCV/20-125-2 51/64

The experimental scheme was the following: 1) Complete Hellriegel- (Gel'riegel'-) mixture plus heteroauxin; 2) half measure of the Hellriegel-mixture plus heteroauxin; 3) complete Hellriegel-mixture without heteroauxin; 4) half measure of Hellriegel-mixture without heteroauxin. It was found that the treatment of the tomato plants during the formation of the first two leaflets notably stimulates the growth of the overground parts and the roots (Table 1). This shows that the effect of heteroauxin is intensified with an increase of the fertilizing measure (in accordance with reference 2 for the sugar beet). Table 2 shows the development of the whole and the ready adsorbing surface of the root system in all experimental variants. Heteroauxin treatment enlarges the volume of roots and increases both surface values mentioned above. Consequently, the assimilation of nutritive substances rises, as confirmed by table 3 (assimilation of nitrogen and phosphorus). Finally, the heteroauxin treatment of the roots leads to increased photosynthesis and leaf respiration. There are 4 tables and 12 Soviet references.

Card 2/3

Growth and Metabolism of Tomato Seedlings Under the
Influence of Heteroauxin Treatment of Their Root System

ASSOCIATION: Voronezhskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (Voronezh State
University)

PRESENTED: December 7, 1958, by A. L. Kursanov, Academician

SUBMITTED: December 7, 1958

Card 3/3

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Geografiya, 1955, Nr 1,
p 146 (USSR) 14-57-7-13-94

AUTHORS: Shiranovich, I. N., Morozova, I. V.

TITLE: Seasonal Change in the Number of Fleas Found in
Gopher Burrows Under Different Conditions of Locale
and Ecology (Sezonnyye izmeneniya chislennosti tikvi-
v norakh suslikov v razlichnykh landshaftno-ekologi-
cheskikh usloviyakh)

PERIODICAL: Sb. tr. Astrakhansk. protivocumn. st., 1955, Nr 1,
pp 379-386

ABSTRACT: In the Black Earth zone of Astrakhan Oblast the
seasonal curve of the number of fleas found both in
burrows and on animals reaches its first peak in
early spring due to increases of Neopsyllia setosa.
Its secondary peak occurs in June, following the
increase of Ceratophyllus tesquorum. Few fleas are

Card 1/2

Seasonal Change in the Number of Fleas (Cont.)

14-57-2-15.6.

found in burrows at the end of summer. In winter (January) fleas are found only in burrows abandoned during previous summer. Concentrations of fleas have been observed in surface soil samples of earth scrapings from newly dug Siberian red ferret burrows. The number of fleas shows less seasonal change in the Baikalsk and Stalinograd steppes. Fleas can be caught in burrows throughout the year except when the ground is covered with snow. Their numbers are greatest at the beginning of April.
Card 2/2

A. KULAKOV

MOROZOVA, I. V., SHUMTER, V. F., BIRIYKOVA, T. A., BOZHAN', R. ...,
TURKOV, A. S., ZHILAVLEVA, T. I., KALITVICHNIK, S. P., TURKOV, I. S.,
PEYSAKHIS, L. A., TOSGINSKAYA, O. A., SVIL'DOV, N. A.

"Certain laws governing the plague epizootic in the south
Balkhash area (Ili-Keratal interfluve)." p. 227

Deyntoye Soveshchaniye po parazitologicheskim problemam i
triobioochagovym boleznyam. 22-24 Oktyabrya 1979 g. (Tenth Conference
on Parasitological Problems and Diseases with "Natural Foci" 1979
October 1979), Moscow-Leningrad, 1980, Academy of Medical Sciences
USSR and Academy of Sciences TASS, No. 1 234 ...

Central Asiatic Antiplague Inst./Alma Ata

SHIRANOVICH, P.I.; MOROZOVA, I.V.; SAMARINA, G.P.; PAVLOV, A.N.

Fleas (Aphaniptera) of gerbils of the northwestern Caspian Sea
region. Sbor. nauch. rab. Zlist. protivochum. sta. no. 1:129-143
'59. (MIRA 13:10)
(CASPIAN SEA REGION--FLEAS) (PARASITES--BERBILS)

SVIRIDOV, G.G.; MOROZOVA, I.V.; KALUZHENOVA, Z.P.; IL'INSKAYA, V.L.

Use of radioactive isotopes in studying some problems of flea ecology. Report No. 1: Alimentary relations of fleas of the genus Xenopsylla with the greater gerbil (Rhombomys opimus Pall.) under natural conditions. Zool. zhur. 42 no.4:546-550 '63. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Central Asiatic Research Anti-Plague Institute, Alma-Ata.

(Phosphorus isotopes)

(Sary-Ishik-Otrau—Parasites—Gerbils)

(Sary-Ishik-Otrau—Fleas)

DRUZHININA, A.V.; TARMANYAN, G.S.; MOROZOVA, I.V.; RUTTER, A.A.

Plant production of VNIINP-370 and VNIINP-371 additives.
Nefteper. i neftekhim. no.5:7-12 '64. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut po pererabotke
nefti i gazov i polucheniyu iskusstvennogo zhidkogo topliva.

L-31330-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4046058

S/0245/64/000/005/0122/0126

AUTHOR: Artem'yeva, Ye. Yu.; Meshalkin, L. D.; Morozova, I. V.;
Sorkina, E. G.; Khouskaya, Ye. D.TITLE: Experimental use of nonparametric static methods in
analyzing curves for recorded eye movements B

SOURCE: Voprosy psichologii, no. 5, 1964, 122-126

TOPIC TAGS: human, eye, eye movement recording, nonstatistical
analysis, brain injury diagnosis

ABSTRACT: A nonstatistical method of analyzing eye movement curve data has been developed to improve brain injury diagnosis. Photoelectric recordings of eye movements for 14 patients with injuries of the frontal lobe (premotor area), 17 patients with localized injuries of the parietal and occipital lobes, and 10 healthy persons were extensively analyzed. On the basis of the analysis data, three indices were selected for brain injury diagnosis: 1) degree of "independent" eye movement normalcy, 2) difference between the maximum frequencies of "independent" and "tracking" eye movements,

Card 1/3

L 31330-65

ACCESSION NR: AF4046058

and 3) nature of slow "tracking" eye movements. "Independent" eye movements were determined by the subject's eye movement frequency in shifting his eyes between two points (30° apart) upon verbal instruction. "Tracking" eye movements were determined by the subject's eye movement frequency in tracking a spot of light moving in a horizontal plane from left to right and back again. A rating scale ranging from 1 to 5 was worked out to facilitate evaluation of each index. Typical eye movement patterns served as standards for the rating scale (see enclosures 01 and 02). A patient's eye movement curves can be evaluated in less than 20 min by this method. Tabulation of index ratings for all investigated subjects showed that 12 of the 14 patients with injuries of the premotor area had the same rating of "3" for degree of "independent" eye movement normalcy. Other brain injuries also appear to be characterized by specific index ratings. The validity of these findings was confirmed by evaluating eye movement curves for 14 new subjects. The improvement of local brain injury diagnosis by a nonstatistical analysis of eye movements appears feasible. Orig. art. has 5 figures.

Card 2/5

31330-6
ACCESSION NR: A14046058

ASSOCIATION: Otdeleniye psichologii Moskovskogo universiteta
(Psychology Department, Moscow University)

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: 02

SUB CODE: LS, PH

NR REF Sov: 005

OTHER: 001

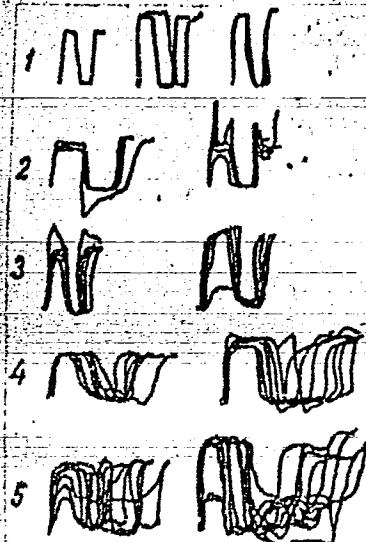
Card 3/5

L 31330-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4046058

ENCLOSURE: 01

Fig. 1. Typical mean patterns
for "independent" eye movements
(numbers indicate scale ratings).

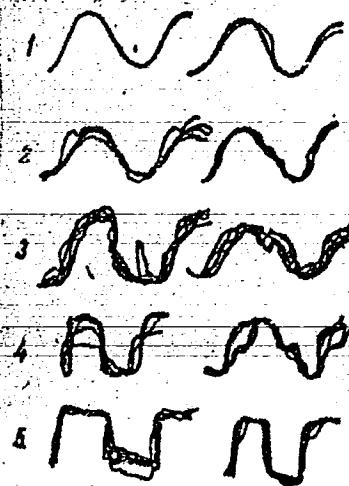


Card 4/5

L 31330-65
ACCESSION NR: APL4046058

ENCLOSURE: 02

Fig. 4, Standard scale for rating "tracking" eye movements by number.



Card 5/5

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6

MASLENNIKOVA, Z.P.; MOROZOVA, I.V.; BIBIKOVA, V.A.

Ticks of the subfamily Ixodoidea of mammals in the Saryishikotau
desert. Trudy Inst. zool. AN Kazakh. SSR 22:166-173 '64.

(MIRA 17:12)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6"

BIBIKOVA, V.A.; GORBUNOVA, A.I. [deceased]; MASLENNIKOVA, Z.P.; MOROZOVA,
I.Y.; SHMUTER, M.P.

Methods of studying the abundance of fleas of the greater
gerbil. Zool.zhur. 44 no.8:1214-1218 '65.

(MIRA 18:11)

l. Sredneaziatskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy protivochumnyy
institut, Alma-Ata.

40287-67 EW(1)-50
ACC NR: AP7001162 (AN) SOURCE CODE: UR/0439/66/045/008/1260/1264

AUTHOR: Morozova, I. V.

ORG: Central Asian Antiplague Scientific Research Institute. Alma-Ata
(Sredneaziatskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy protivochumnyy institut)

TITLE: New species of Gamasid ticks—Haemogamasus Rhombomys sp. n.

SOURCE: Zoologicheskiy zhurnal, v. 45, no. 8, 1966, 1260-1264

TOPIC TAGS: tick, new tick species, tick structure, tick reproduction, disease vector

ABSTRACT: A new Gamasid tick species which has been found on Rhombomys opimus L. and its nests in the Sary-Ishikotrau desert (Alma-Ata oblast', Kazakhstan) and, designated as Haemogamasus Rhombomys Morozova sp. n., is described by the author. The new species differs from the Haemogamasus citelli Breg. et Nelz. by having a lesser inclination of the body setae and differences in the size and shape of the dorsal scutum. In addition there are structural differences of the chelicers in males. The description is supplemented by seven ink drawings. Orig. art. has: 5 figures. [Based on author's abstract] [WA-50]

SUB CODE: 06/SUBM DATE: none/ORIG REF: 003/
Card 1/1 UDC: 595.422 sp.n:592/599

CC.FF-30

ACC NR: AP7001165 (ANT) SOURCE CODE: UR/0439/65/044/008/1214/1218

AUTHOR: Bibikova, V. A.; Gorbunova, A. I.; Maslennikova, Z. P.; Morozova, I. V.; Shmutter, M. F. --Schmutter, M. F.

ORG: Central Asian Antiplague Research Institute, Alma-Ata (Sredneaziatskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy protivochumnyy institut)

TITLE: Method of studying population density of fleas in Rhombomys opimus Licht

SOURCE: Zooloticheskiy zhurnal, v. 44, no. 8, 1965, 1214-1218

TOPIC TAGS: flea, flea reproduction, flea migration, plague transmission, disease vector, mole

ABSTRACT: A technique for total count of fleas found in the burrows of Rhombomys opimus Licht. is described. The technique consists of trapping and counting the migrating parasites after the animals are removed from the burrows. Due to a relatively stable migration and the reproduction rate of fleas, three samples suffice for the total count. In practical terms, it means that all fleas present in the burrows can be trapped during the 7-45 day period after the removal of the animals. The total flea population in the burrows can be estimated on the basis of the relatively

Card 1/2

UDC: 595.775:599.323.4 Rhombomys:591.526-59.08

ACC NO: AP7001165

stable percentages obtained in sampling procedures. In view of the significant role of fleas in transmission of plague, the importance of monitoring the flea populations is stressed by the authors. Orig. art. has: 1 table. [Based on authors' abstract]
[WA-50]

SUB CODE: .06/SUBM DATE: none/ORIG REF: 006/

Card 2/2

MORZOVA, I.V.; BIBIKOVA, V.A.; KALUZHNOVA, Z.

Fauna of gamaeid mites (Acariformes, Gamaiidae) in the
bands of Sary-Tashikotrau. "Zool. zhur." 42 no. 14:100-106.
'63

1. Central Asiatic Research Anti-Lague Institute, Tashkent.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6

MOROZOVA, I.V.; BIBIKOVA, V.A.; USHAKOVA, G.V.

Bat ticks of Kazakhstan. Trudy Inst. zool. Akad. Kazakh. SSR
161-165 '64.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6"

VINOGRADOV Ivan Matveyevich, MOROZOVA, I.Ye., red.

[Fundamentals of the theory of numbers] Osnovy teorii
chisel. Izd.7., ispr. Moskva, Nauka, 1965. 172 p.
(MIRA 18:7)

FOMIN, Sergey Vasil'yevich; *Elementy teorii chisel*, Moscow, 1960.

[Number theory] / S. V. Fomin. - Moscow : Nauka, 1960. - 40 p. (Popular mathematics ; v. 1). - (Nauka i zhizn')

BAKIVALOV, Sergey Vladimirovich; BAKOV, Petr Sergeyevich;
BAKHOVICH, Aleksey Serapionovich; BUKHA, I.Ye., rec.

[Problems in analytic geometry. Sbornik zadaniy po analiti-
cheskoj geometrii. Izd.3., perer. Lektsii, Nauka, Moscow, 420 p.
(USSR, 1971)]

PETROVSKIY, ivan Georgiyev. RE. V. AMNIF, . . .
GAI'PEKIN, S.A.; P. A., Ye. K. V., I.Ye., re .

[Lectures on the theory of ordinary differential equations] Lektsii po teorii obyknovennykh differentsial'nykh uravnenii. Lec. 5., dop. M. K. Kva, Nauka, Moscow, 1965.

KLETNIK, David (Fikt. - 1911-); M. S., ..., Prof., und.; I.Ye., rec.

[Problems in solving probability and statistics problems in
chesskol geometry. The author, "Sergei," 1974, p. 14.]

KOZHEVNIKOV, Naum Iosifovich; KASHCHENKOVA, Taisiya Ivanovna;
SHISHKIN, Nikolay Yefimovic; IGAT'YEVA, A.V., red.;
MOZOVA, I.Ye., red.

[Fourier series and the Fourier integral. Field theory;
Analytic and special functions. Laplace transformation;
Riady i integral Fure. Teoriia polia. Analiticheski
spetsial'nye funktsii. Preobrazovanie Laplasa. Moskva,
Nauka, 1964. 183 p.]
(MIRA 18:1)

MOROZOVA, K., inzh.

Useful whirlpool. Tekh.mol. 28 no.9:39 '60. (MIRA 13:10)
(Hydroelectric power stations) (Whirlpools)

MOROZOVA, K.I.

System of treating children with dysentery under conditions of the
consolidated hospital of Lyuberty in Moscow Province. Vop. ozh.
mat. i det. 6 no.3:79-82 Mr '61. (MI:A 14:10)
(DYSENTERY)

Subject : USSR/Electricity AID P - 1377
Card 1/1 Pub. 26 - 4/30
Author : Deyev, I. T., Eng. and Morozova, K. M., Eng.
Title : A method of studying corrosion indicators
Periodical : Elek. Sta., 2, 12-14, F 1955
Abstract : In the years 1951-1953 the electric power stations of the Molotovenergo system made a series of tests by placing corrosion indicators in water economisers. The authors describe the method applied in utilizing test indicators of corrosion. 3 photographs.
Institution: None
Submitted : No date

137-58-6-12886

Translation from Referativnyy zhurnal Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 6, p 243 (USSR)

AUTHORS Deyev, I.T., Morozova, K.M.

TITLE Instances of Alkaline Corrosion in High-pressure Boilers (Sluchai shchelochnoy korrozii na kotlakh povyshennogo davleniya)

PERIODICAL Sb. materialov po obmenu opytom ekspluatatsii energ ustanovok. Molotov, Knigoizdat, 1957, pp 87-91

ABSTRACT A presentation of the results of investigations of corrosion damage to the pipes in three boilers working under a gage pressure of 60 atm. Prior to the damage the pipes had been working 24 years in 2 cases and 17 years in the third case. It is established that the corrosion damage to the pipes resulted from alkaline corrosion (C), accompanied by intercrystallite disintegration of the metal. In all the instances of corrosion, scale was in evidence on the pipes, which, together with inadequate washing of the tube surfaces by the boiler water and the presence of Fe oxides in the scale, was the cause of the alkaline corrosion of pipes. The following technique was recommended to combat corrosion Lowering of the alkalinity of the boiler water by means of increasing the percentage of

Card 1/2

137-58-6-12886

. Instances of Alkaline Corrosion in High-pressure Boiler

condensate return from the machinery utilizing the steam, use of desalting equipment; lowering the hardness of the feed water, eliminating the drawing in of cooling water into the turbine condensors, changing from individual phosphatization to central, using hexametaphosphate instead of trisodium phosphate, and an improvement in the pretreatment of the water

L. A.

1. Boilers--Corrosion. 2. Boiler tubes--Corrosion. 3. Water--Corrosion.

Card 2/2

GEMPLING, Erik Marlovich. Prinimali uchastiye: YASHCHENKO, M.L., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; YERMOLIN, G.M., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; TITOV, N.Ye., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; AFANAS'YEVA, L.I., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KOLETSOVA, T.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; OVCHINNIKOVA, G.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; S'UKOLYUKOV, Yu.A., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; LEVSKIY, L.K., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; MOROZOVA, K.M., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; MATVEYEVA, I.I., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; BARANOVSKAYA, N.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; VARSHAVSKAYA, E.S., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; SERGEYEV, A.N., starshiy laborant; KURBATOV, V.V., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KRATTS, K.O., kand.geol.-mineral.nauk, otv.red.; ARON, G.M., red.izd-va; BOGACHEVER, V.T., tekhn.red.

[Present status of the argon method for age determination and its use in geology] Sovremennoe sostoianie argonovogo metoda opredeleniya vozrasta i ego primechenie v geologii. Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR, 1961. 130 p. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Radiyevyy institut im. V.G.Khlopina (for Kurbatov).
(Geological time) (Radioargon dating)

PETROV, A.P., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; TULUPOV, L.P., kand. tekhn. nauk; KRYUKOV, N.D., kand. tekhn. nauk; GUNDOBIN, V.N., inzh.; VASIL'YEV, G.S., kand. tekhn. nauk; GRISHIM, M.S., kand. tekhn. nauk; MOROZOVA, K.N., inzh.; POZE, V.A., inzh.; LEVSHIN, G.L., inzh.; BERNGARD, K.A., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; BIKCHENTAY, M.A., inzh.; BUYANOV, V.A., inzh.; ILOVAYSKIY, N.D., inzh.; MUKHAMEDOV, G.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; MIRCSHNICHENKO, A.P., inzh.; ANDRIAMOV, V.P., inzh.; BUTS, V.D., inzh.; KAZIMOV, A.A., inzh.; KIREYEV, O.P., inzh.; DYUFUR, S.L., kand. tekhn. nauk; USTINSKIY, A.A., kand. tekhn. nauk; MIKHAYLOV, S.M., inzh.; NESTEROV, Ye.P., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; LIVSHITS, V.N., inzh., retsenzent; PREDE, V.Yu., inzh., red.; VOROTNIKOVA, L.F., tekhn. red.

[Control of transportation processes using electronic digital computers] Upravlenie perevozochnym protsessom s primeneniem elektronnykh tsifrovych vychislitel'nykh mashin. Pod obshchey red. A.P. Petrova. Moskva, Transzheldorizdat, 1963. 207 p.
(MIRA 16:8)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Petrov).
(Railroads--Management) (Electronic digital computers)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6

STARODUBTSEV, N.V.; RAKITIN, V.YU.; MOROZOVA, L.A.

Homogenized food products in aluminum tubes. Truly VNIIM no. 11:
7-11 '62.
(M. A. 17.)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6"

SKOPETS, Z.A. (Yaroslavl'); GOTMAN, E.G. (Pechora); MOROZOVA, L.A.;
GUBA, S.G. (Volgodskaya oblast')

Problems. Mat. v shkole no.3:89 My-Je '63. (MIRA 16:7)

(Mathematics—Problems, exercises, etc.)

SHILIN, Ya.V., doktor med.nauk; LEONOVA, A.I.; LEMESH, N.S.; MOROZOVA, L.A.

Surgical treatment of strabismus. Vest.oft. 70 no.5:57-58
S-0 '57. (MIRA 12:6)

1. Poliklinicheskoye otdeleniye TSentral'noy bol'nitsy im.
N.I.Frogova (glavnyy vrach N.S.Barkov), Kuybyshev.
(STRABISMUS, surg.
technic)

GALLAY, Z.A.; ALIMARIN, I.I.; SHIBA, V.A.; LIPATOVA, L.A.

Amperometric titration of titanium and zirconium with a solution
of neocupferron. Zhur. anal. khim. 19 no.12:1464-1467 (1964)
(USSR 1964:1)

I. M. I. Levitanov Moscow State University.

KOST, A.N.; MOROZOVA, L.F.; GRANDBERG, I.I.

Study of pyrazoles. Part 49: β -(4-pyrazolyl)alanines. Zhur.
org. khim. 1 no.4:739-744 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:li)

L. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni Lomonosova.

MOKOZOVA, L.I.

Diagnostic importance of C-reactive protein in rheumatism. Vrach.
delo no.12:59-61 D '61. (MIA 15:1)

l. Kafedra terapii (zav. - prof. G.I.Burdhinskiy) stomatologicheskogo
fakul'teta Kiyevskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(PROTEINS) (RHEUMATISM)

MOROZOVA, L.I.

Clinical value of the determination of nonglucoseamine polysaccharides
in the blood serum of patients with rheumatic fever. Vrach. delo 4:
47-54 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Kafedra fakul'tetskoy terapii (zav. - prof. G.I.Burchinskiy)
i kafedra biokhimii (zav. - prof. Ye.F.Shamray) Kiyevskogo meditsin-
skogo instituta.
(RHEUMATIC FEVER) (POLYSACCHARIDES)
(AMINES) (SERUM)

DRZHEVETSKAYA, I.A.; MOROZOVA, L.I.

Insuline activity in the blood of healthy persons. Vop. med. khim.
11 no.2:29-32 Mr-ap '65. (MIRA 18:10)

1. Kafedra patologicheskoy fiziologii Donetskogo meditsinskogo
instituta i Donetskaya oblastnaya stantsiya perelivaniya krovi.

MOROZOVA, L.I.

Determination of mucoproteins (by its tyrosin) in rheumatic fever patients. Vrach.delo no.11:34-39 N '62. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Kafedra fakul'tet'skoy terapevticheskoy kliniki (zav. - prof. G.I. Burchinskij) i kafedra biookhimii (zav. - prof. Ye.I. Shamray) Kiyevskogo Meditsinskogo instituta.
(RHEUMATIC FEVER) (MUCOIDS) (TYROSIN)

LAVROVA, A.P., kand. tekhn. nauk; GNOYEVAYA, P.S., inzh.; KALENOVA, M.S.,
starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; GUSEVA, A.N., mladshiy nauchnyy
sotrudnik; MOROZOVA, L.I., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik;
KHARITONOV, V.A., inzh.; KANAREVSKIY, A.A., inzh.; MAZYAKIN, A.V.,
inzh.; LISHPAY, V.M., inzh.; IL'YASHENKO, M.A., kand. veter. nauk;
RYNDINA, V.P., inzh.; LOGINOVA, M.M., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik;
CHUDINA, S.A., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; TRUDOLYUBOVA, G.B.,
starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KARGAL'TSEV, I.I., assistant;
MIKHAYLOVA, A.Ye., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KARPOVA, V.I.,
mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; MERKULOVA, V.K., mladshiy nauchnyy
sotrudnik; POLETAYEV, T.N., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Study of the heat treatment conditions of smoked and cooked
sausage. Trudy VNIIMP no.16:24-63 '64. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Kafedra tekhnologii Moskovskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta
myasnoy i molochnoy promyshlennosti (for Kargal'tsev).

KRASNOV, M.L., professir; MOROZOVA, L.K.

Acute obliteration of the central artery of the retina. Vest. oft. 32 no.5:
3-12 S-0 '53. (MLRA 6:10)

1. Kafedra glaznykh bolezney TSentral'nogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya
vrachey. (Retina--Diseases)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001135310001-6"

FUKS, I.M.; VALEYEVA, F.N.; POPKOVA, F.V.; VOLKOVA, L.P.; BELOGOLOVSKAYA, T.A.; ROMASHKEVICH, I.K.; Prinimali uchastiyе: MOROZOVA, L.M.; DASHEVSKAYA, S.I.; VAKHMINA, L.S.; KARAVAYEVA, G.V.; IVANOVSKIY, A.Y.; ZHUKHINA, G.Ye.; SOLOV'YEVA, G.M.; ANDRIANOVA, M.V.; AKHMETCOVA, V.M.; NEMIROVSKAYA, M.Ye.; MUSORINA, L.S.; KALASHNIKOVА, Ye.I.; PESHKO, A.P.; IVANOVA, N.V.; ALKESEYEVA, N.I.; SADOVNIKOVA, G.N.

Study on the possibility of reducing the diphtheria vaccine dose in revaccination of 9 to 12 year-old schoolchildren. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. i immun. 41 no. 11:103-107 '65. (MIRA 19;5)

1. Ufimskiy institut vaktsin i sывороток имени Мечникова.